JESUS' RESURRECTION – THE "PLINTH" Dr. Jon Lunde, Professor of New Testament, Biola University Grace Point Church, Sunday, April 11th, 2021

Selected Bibliography— Michael R. Licona, *The Resurrection of Jesus: A New Historiographical Approach* (Downers Grove: IVP Academic, 2010); Gary R. Habermas and Michael R. Licona, *The Case for the Resurrection of Jesus* (Grand Rapids: Kregel, 2004); N. T. Wright, *The Resurrection of the Son of God*, Christian Origins and the Question of God, vol. 3 (Minneapolis: Fortress, 2003).

Introduction—My Story

- "Why are you a Christian?"
- The "pillar" under my faith
- The crumbling of Jesus' authority and my faith
- A wise word
 - o "Been there, done that"
 - o "What had I missed?"
 - o The need for validation
 - The potential of the resurrection
 - o Finding my "plinth"
- But why should anyone believe that it happened?

1. The Nature of the Evidence

- A lesson from an intersection
 - Possible explanations
 - An inner urge
 - A mistaken perception
 - An Accurate perception
 - o Confirmation from interviews
- This is the kind of evidence that we have for Jesus' resurrection
 - No direct access to the event
 - Our access is through the testimony and actions of those who declared Jesus' resurrection

2. A Simple Argument

- An argument drawing on Michael Licona and N. T. Wright (see bibliography)
- Three bedrock historical facts that must be accounted for

2.1. Jesus' Death by Crucifixion

- Jesus died by crucifixion under the reign of Pontius Pilate
 - o Broad scholarly acceptance
 - o Rules out the "swoon theory"

2.2. The Resurrection Faith of the Disciples

- Shortly after his death, Jesus' disciples had experiences that convinced them that he was risen from the dead and had appeared to them.
 - The disciples believed this to their martyr deaths
 - Multiple witnesses to this fact Paul, Luke, and Apostolic Fathers
 - Wide scholarly acceptance of the historicity of this faith
- The historical question What caused this faith?
 - They explained it as arising from an encounter with Jesus

2.3. The Resurrection Faith of Paul

- Paul converted after what he claimed was an encounter with the risen Jesus.
 - o Affirmed by Paul himself and several other sources
 - o Paul believed this to his martyr death
 - Wide scholarly acceptance of the historicity of this faith
- The historical question What caused Paul's faith?
 - o Paul explained it as arising after an encounter with Jesus

2.4. The Distinctiveness of the Apostles' Martyrdoms

- Why different from other martyrdoms?
- The reason for their martyrdoms
 - Non-Apostolic martyrs dying for a teaching or belief
 - Jihad martyrs
 - Myanmar victims
 - Christians under ISIS
- The implication of their martyrdoms
 - ... that they were convinced by someone's teaching not that the teaching was true
 - If the disciples had died for Jesus' teaching, their deaths would be the same
 - But the disciples died for an encounter with a living person, not for a teaching
- The historical question what caused this faith?

3. Explanations No Longer Held

- *Jesus' disciples stole the body*
 - Why doesn't this one work?
- The story developed later as mythology or legend
 - Why doesn't this one work?
- Hallucinations are to blame
 - Why doesn't this one work?

4. Only Two Remaining Options

4.1. Non-Physical "Apparitions" of Jesus' Spirit

- They all actually saw something Jesus' visible spirit ...
- ... but they mistakenly thought it was Jesus' physical body
- Strengths
 - Accounts for the Apostles' faith
 - o Accounts for Saul's inexplicably sudden conversion
 - Accounts for their martyr deaths
 - Accounts for changes in Jewish practice and belief
- Weaknesses
 - O Struggles to account for the apostles' testimony of physicality
 - Does not account for the empty tomb
 - The Jewish notion of "God raised Jesus from the dead" or "resurrection" ...
 - o ... always meant that a person's corpse was brought back to life
- Significance of a spiritual "resurrection"?
 - The appearance of Jesus' spirit is one of several similar experiences
 - This appearance does not set Jesus apart as the one who has all authority

4.2. The Physical Resurrection of Jesus

- The disciples encountered Jesus physically alive after his death
- Weakness
 - The uniqueness of Jesus' resurrection the problem of uniqueness
 - Nothing is "historical" without a similar event in the present
 - Jesus' resurrection is unique it fails this historical test
 - o The necessary uniqueness of Jesus' resurrection
 - If it's not unique, then it's no big deal ...
 - ... then neither is Jesus

- Strengths
 - Accounts for the remarkable transformation in the Apostles
 - Accounts for Saul's inexplicably sudden conversion
 - Accounts for their martyr deaths
 - Accounts for the empty tomb
 - o Fits with Jewish meaning of "God raised Jesus" and "resurrection"
 - Accounts for changes in Jewish practice and belief

5. Confirmations of This Faith

- Behavior more significant than merely driving through an intersection
- Changes in Jewish beliefs and traditions
 - o *Circumcision (1 Cor 7:19; Gal 5:6)*
 - o Food Laws (Mk 7:18-19; Acts 15:19-20; Rom 14:20)
 - o Sacrifices (Heb 10:14, 18)
 - o The Being of God (1 Cor 8:4-6; John 1:1; Titus 2:13)
 - o The Use of the OT (Heb 1:8a, 10-12; Ps 102:25-27)
 - o The Sabbath (Col 2:16)
- Now try to imagine these changes just because a famous Galilean was crucified
 - The problem once a messianic candidate died, his messianic identity was dropped
 - o Jesus is the one exception
- Something massive occurred after Jesus' crucifixion for these changes to occur

6. Implications for Us

- Back at the intersection
 - Inner urge Hallucinations
 - Mistaken Perception Apparitions of Jesus' spirit
 - Accurate Perception Physical Resurrection
- If Jesus rose from the dead, it changed the world
- I have confidence in what was accomplished on Good Friday (Matt 26:27-28)
- I have confidence in what was accomplished on Easter morning (John 5:24-25)
- I can trust my spiritual experiences with Jesus
- Let us stand here ...
 - ... until we see Jesus face to face!

To his glory!